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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/624,258	10/624,258 07/21/2003		Jeffery T. Brewster	0403-4104	7320	
27123	7590	07/18/2005	EXAMINER			
		IEGAN, L.L.P.	LAM,	LAM, THANH		
3 WORLD FINANCIAL CENTER NEW YORK, NY 10281-2101				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2834		

DATE MAILED: 07/18/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)	(0)
		10/624,25	8	BREWSTER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary		Examiner		Art Unit	
		Thanh La	m	2834	
The Period for Re	MAILING DATE of this communication ply	n appears on the	cover sheet with the	correspondence addre	ess
THE MAIL - Extensions of after SIX (6) - If the period - If NO period - Failure to re Any reply re-	ENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory poly within the set or extended period for reply will, by decived by the Office later than three months after the not term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no even on. , a reply within the state period will apply and wi statute, cause the appl	ent, however, may a reply be to utory minimum of thirty (30) da Il expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro ication to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this comm NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.
Status					
2a)⊠ This 3)□ Sinc	oonsive to communication(s) filed on action is FINAL . 2b) e this application is in condition for al accordance with the practice un	This action is n lowance except	for formal matters, p		nerits is
Disposition o	f Claims				
4a) C 5) ☐ Clair 6) ☑ Clair 7) ☐ Clair	m(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pending in the applicant the above claim(s) is/are with m(s) is/are allowed. m(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are rejected. m(s) is/are objected to. m(s) are subject to restriction and m(s) are subject to restriction are subject to restriction and m(s)	hdrawn from co	·		
Application P	apers	,			•
10) The CAppli	specification is objected to by the Exact drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) cant may not request that any objection t acement drawing sheet(s) including the co path or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) o the drawing(s) b orrection is require	e held in abeyance. Sed if the drawing(s) is o	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). objected to. See 37 CFR	
Priority under	r 35 U.S.C. § 119				
12) Ackn a) All 1. 2. 3.	owledgment is made of a claim for for b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the priority document of the certified copies of the application from the International Bone attached detailed Office action for	ments have bee ments have bee priority docume ureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applica ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National St	age
Attachment(s)	-				
2) Notice of Di3) Information	eferences Cited (PTO-892) raftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S)/Mail Date		4) Interview Summar Paper No(s)/Mail I 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:		52)

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-13 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1,4-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Nishio et al. (US 5,006,745).

Regarding claim 1, Nishio et al. disclose a permanent magnet brushless motor comprising: a wound assembly comprising permeable laminations with slots; an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases (u,v,w); a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and at least 20 magnet poles (see table 1, n=5) arranged thereon; wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly

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are excited; and wherein the wound assembly has less slots (N) than the field assembly has poles (p) to increase torque efficiency (see table 1).

Regarding claim 4, Nishio et al. disclose the wound assembly rotates and the field assembly remains still.

Regarding claim 5, Nishio et al. disclose permanent magnet brushless motor comprising: a wound assembly with slots formed therein; an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases; a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and permanent magnet poles arranged thereon; wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is less than 0.75 (see table 2, P/N=.66).

Regarding claim 6, Nishio et al. disclose permanent magnet brushless motor comprising: a wound assembly with slots formed therein; an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases; a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and permanent magnet poles arranged thereon; wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is greater than .0.75 but less than 1.0 (see table 5,).

Regarding claim 7, Nishio et al. disclose the ratio of slots to poles is less than 0.90.

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Regarding claim 8, Nishio et al. disclose a slow speed/high torque permanent magnet brushless servo motor comprising: a wound assembly with slots formed therein; insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases, an a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and at least 20 permanent magnet poles arranged thereon; wherein the wound assembly and the fiel4 assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is greater than 0.5 but less than 1.0 to increase torque efficiency (see table 1, n=5).

Regarding claim 9, Nishio et al. disclose the slot pole ratio is chosen to create a balanced winding.

Regarding claim 10, Nishio et al. disclose the slot pole ratio i: chosen for optimum cogging performance.

Regarding claim 11, Nishio et al. disclose the slot/pole ratio is chosen to enable efficient machine winding of the wound assembly.

Regarding claim 12, Nishio et al. disclose the slot/pole ratio is chosen to have a low total harmonic distortion.

Regarding claim 13, Nishio et al. disclose the slot pole ratio is chosen to create a balanced winding, with optimum cogging performance, and efficient machine winding of the wound assembly.

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Regarding claim 13, Nishio et al. disclose not all of the slots are wound with insulated copper wire.

Regarding claim 13, Nishio et al. disclose torque efficiency is increased by increasing torque density based on a volume of magnetic materials.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claim 5, rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Nakano (us 20040155537).

Regarding claim 5, Nakano et al. disclose permanent magnet brushless motor comprising: a wound assembly with slots formed therein; an insulated copper wire wound within the slots to provide electrical phases; a field assembly comprising a permeable structure and permanent magnet poles arranged thereon; wherein the wound assembly and the field assembly are arranged to produce a motive force when the electrical phases of the wound assembly are excited; and wherein the ratio of slots to poles is less than 0.75 (see fig. 9. 48/2= 24 (single pole); N =144, than the ratio =24/144= .166).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nishio et al.

Nishio et al. disclose all the aspect of the claimed invention except for the motor has slots 30 or 36 and 38 or 48 poles respectively with claim 2 and 3. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the number of slots and poles accordingly as stated above in order to provide

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the motor to operate with less noise, since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. In re Boesch, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Conclusion

9. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh Lam whose telephone number is (571) 272-2026. The examiner can normally be reached on t-f 9-7.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Darren E Schuberg can be reached on (571) 272-2044. The fax phone

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number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Thanh Lam

Primary Examiner

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